Mouse CTLA4 / CD152 Protein (His Tag) (HPLC-verified)

Catalog Number: HPLC-50503-M08H

General Information

Gene Name Synonym:
Cd152; Ctla-4; Ly-56

Protein Construction:
A DNA sequence encoding the extracellular domain of mouse CTLA4 (NP_033973.2) (Met 1-Phe 162) was expressed, with a polyhistidine tag at the C-terminus.

Source: Mouse
Expression Host: HEK293 Cells

QC Testing

Purity: > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE.
> 95 % as determined by SEC-HPLC.

Endotoxin:
< 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Predicted N terminal: Glu 36

Molecular Mass:
The recombinant mouse CTLA4 consists of 138 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 15.3 kDa. In SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, the apparent molecular mass of rm CTLA4 is approximately 25-30 kDa due to glycosylation.

Formulation:
Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

Usage Guide

Stability & Storage:
Samples are stable for twelve months from date of receipt at -20°C to -80°C.

Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reconstitution:
Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

Protein Description

Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4, also known as CTLA4 and CD152, is a single-pass type I membrane protein and a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. It is the second member of the CD28 receptor family. The ligands or counterreceptors for these two proteins are the B7 family members, CD8 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2). CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T cells and may play an important role in their functions. CD152 or cytotoxic T lymphocyte antigen-4 (CTLA-4) is an essential receptor involved in the negative regulation of T cell activation. Because of its profound inhibitory role, CD152 has been considered a sound susceptible candidate in autoimmunity and a persuasive target for cancer immunotherapy. In particular, recent evidence suggests that CD152 is also important in the homeostasis and function of a population of suppressive cells, termed regulatory T cells (Treg).

References


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Tel: +86-400-890-9989 (Global), +1-215-583-7898 (USA), +49(0)6196 9678656 (Europe)
Website: http://www.sinobiological.com
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SDS-PAGE:

98.7% as determined by SDS-PAGE

SEC-HPLC:

98.1% as determined by SEC-HPLC Analysis