

# Influenza A H7N9 (A/Pigeon/Shanghai/S1069/2013) Hemagglutinin / HA Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: 40106-V08B



Sino Biological  
Biological Solution Specialist

## General Information

### Gene Name Synonym:

HA

### Protein Construction:

A DNA sequence encoding the Influenza A virus (A/Pigeon/Shanghai/S1069/2013(A/H7N9)) hemagglutinin (Met1-Val524) was expressed with a C-terminal polyhistidine tag.

**Source:** H7N9

**Expression Host:** Baculovirus-Insect Cells

## QC Testing

**Purity:** > 95 % as determined by SDS-PAGE

### Bio Activity:

**1. Measured by its ability to agglutinate guinea pig red blood cells. HA titer is 0.1-0.6 µg/mL for 1% GRBC. 2. Measured by its ability to bind with Neu5Aca2-3Galb1-4GlcNAcb-PAA-biotin (01-077) using the Octet RED System. 3. Measured by its ability to bind with Neu5Aca2-6GalNAca-PAA-biotin (01-059) using the Octet RED System.**

### Endotoxin:

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

### Stability:

Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C

**Predicted N terminal:** Asp 19

### Molecular Mass:

The recombinant hemagglutinin of Influenza A virus (A/Pigeon/Shanghai/S1069/2013(A/H7N9)) comprises 517 amino acids and has a predicted molecular mass of 57.7 kDa. The apparent molecular mass of the protein is approximately 58 kDa in SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions.

### Formulation:

Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, 10% glycerol, pH 7.4.

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## Usage Guide

### Storage:

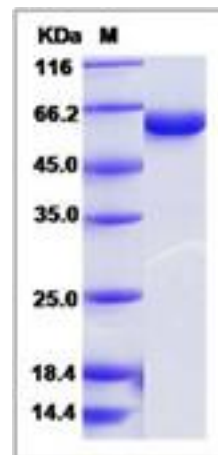
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

**Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

### Reconstitution:

Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

## SDS-PAGE:



## Protein Description

The influenza viral Hemagglutinin (HA) protein is a homo trimer with a receptor binding pocket on the globular head of each monomer. HA has at least 18 different antigens. These subtypes are named H1 through H18. HA has two functions. Firstly, it allows the recognition of target vertebrate cells, accomplished through the binding to these cells' sialic acid-containing receptors. Secondly, once bound it facilitates the entry of the viral genome into the target cells by causing the fusion of host endosomal membrane with the viral membrane. The influenza virus Hemagglutinin (HA) protein is translated in cells as a single protein, HA0, or hemagglutinin precursor protein. For viral activation, hemagglutinin precursor protein (HA0) must be cleaved by a trypsin-like serine endoprotease at a specific site, normally coded for by a single basic amino acid (usually arginine) between the HA1 and HA2 domains of the protein. After cleavage, the two disulfide-bonded protein domains produce the mature form of the protein subunits as a prerequisite for the conformational change necessary for fusion and hence viral infectivity.

## References

- White JM, Hoffman LR, Arevalo JH, et al. (1997). "Attachment and entry of influenza virus into host cells. Pivotal roles of hemagglutinin". In Chiu W, Burnett RM, Garcea RL. Structural Biology of Viruses. 2. Suzuki Y (March 2005). "Sialobiology of influenza: molecular mechanism of host range variation of influenza viruses". Biol. Pharm. Bull. 28 (3): 399-408. 3. Senne DA, Panigrahy B, Kawaoka Y, et al. (1996). "Survey of the hemagglutinin (HA) cleavage site sequence of H5 and H7 avian influenza viruses: amino acid sequence at the HA cleavage site as a marker of pathogenicity potential". Avian Dis. 40 (2): 425-37

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