**Human CD47 Protein**

**Catalog Number:** 12283-HCCH

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## General Information

**Gene Name Synonym:**
IAP; MER6; OA3

**Protein Construction:**
A DNA sequence encoding the human CD47 (NP_942088.1) (Met1-Pro139) was expressed with six amino acids (LEVLFO) at the C-terminus.

**Source:** Human

**Expression Host:** Human Cells

## QC Testing

**Purity:** > 90% as determined by SDS-PAGE.

**Bio Activity:**
Measured by its ability to bind human SIRPA-His(Cat:11612-H08H) in functional ELISA. Measured by its ability to bind mouse SIRPA-His(Cat:50956-M08H) in functional ELISA.

**Endotoxin:**
< 1.0 EU per μg protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Stability:**
Samples are stable for up to twelve months from date of receipt at -70 °C.

**Predicted N terminal:** Gin 19

**Molecular Mass:**
The recombinant human CD47 consists 128 amino acids and predicts a molecular mass of 14.5 kDa.

**Formulation:**
Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Specific concentrations are included in the hardcopy of COA. Please contact us for any concerns or special requirements.

## Usage Guide

**Storage:**
Store it under sterile conditions at -20°C to -80°C upon receiving. Recommend to aliquot the protein into smaller quantities for optimal storage.

Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

**Reconstitution:**
Detailed reconstitution instructions are sent along with the products.

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## SDS-PAGE:

![SDS-PAGE Image]

**Protein Description**

CD47 contains 1 Ig-like V-type (immunoglobulin-like) domain and is a receptor for the C-terminal cell binding domain of thrombospondin. It may play a role in membrane transport and signal transduction. CD47 is also a membrane protein, which is involved in the increase in intracellular calcium concentration that occurs upon cell adhesion to extracellular matrix. It is very broadly distributed on normal adult tissues, as well as ovarian tumors, being especially abundant in some epithelia and the brain. CD47 may play a role in membrane transport and/or integrin-dependent signal transduction. It may prevent premature elimination of red blood cells. It also may be involved in membrane permeability changes induced following virus infection. By acting as an adhesion receptor for THBS1 on platelets, CD47 plays a role in both cell adhesion and in the modulation of integrins. It also plays an important role in memory formation and synaptic plasticity in the hippocampus.

**References**